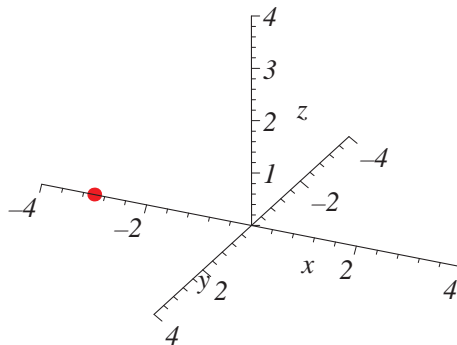


- (a) $x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta = (3) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = 0$,
 $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta = (3) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = -3$,
 $z = \rho \cos \phi = (3) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0$ so the point is $(0, -3, 0)$ in rectangular coordinates.



- (b) $x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta = (4) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = -\sqrt{6}$,
 $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta = (4) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = -\sqrt{6}$,
 $z = \rho \cos \phi = (4) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 2$ so the point is $(-\sqrt{6}, -\sqrt{6}, 2)$ in rectangular coordinates.

