The region of integration is given in spherical coordinates by

$$E = \{(\rho, \theta, \phi) \mid 2 \le \rho \le 4, 0 \le \theta \le \pi/2, \pi/2 \le \phi \le \pi\}.$$

This represents the solid region between the spheres $\rho = 2$ and $\rho = 4$ in the

fifth octant.

$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \int_{2}^{4} \rho^{2} \sin(\phi) \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta = \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \, d\theta \, \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \sin(\phi) \, d\phi \, \int_{2}^{4} \, \rho^{2} \, d\rho$$

$$= \left[\theta\right]_{0}^{\pi/2} \left[-\cos(\phi)\right]_{\pi/2}^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{3}\rho^{3}\right]_{2}^{4}$$

$$= (\pi/2)(1)(56/3) = (28/3)\pi$$

