$z = 8 - x \ge 0$ for $0 \le x \le 8$, so we can interpret the integral as the volume of the solid S that lies below the plane z = 8 - x and above the rectangle $[0, 8] \times [0, 4]$. S is a triangular cylinder whose volume is 4(area of triangle) = $4(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 8) = 128$. Thus $\iint_R (8-x) dA = 128$



Assume a = 8b = 4c = 8