(a) $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = (-5)(6) + (5)(-9) + (4)(1) = -71 \neq 0$, so $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are not orthogonal. Also, since $\mathbf{a}$ is not a scalar multiple of $\mathbf{b}$, $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are not parallel.

(b) $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = (4)(-3) + (6)(2) = 0$, so $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are orthogonal (and not parallel).

(c) $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = (-1)(9) + (3)(4) + (3)(-1) = 0$, so $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are orthogonal (and not parallel).

(d) Because $\mathbf{a} = -\frac{2}{3}\,\mathbf{b}$, $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ are parallel.