

The parallelogram is determined by the vectors $\overrightarrow{KL} = \langle 0, 1, 3 \rangle$ and $\overrightarrow{KN} = \langle 3, 4, 0 \rangle$, so the area of parallelogram $KLMN$ is

$$\begin{aligned} |\overrightarrow{KL} \times \overrightarrow{KN}| &= \left\| \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \right\| = |(-12)\mathbf{i} - (-9)\mathbf{j} + (-3)\mathbf{k}| \\ &= |-12\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}| = \sqrt{234} \approx 15.3 \end{aligned}$$